Tom Pohaku Stone

Keahiokekai

Papa hōlua i hana 'ia me ke kauila, ka 'ohe a me kekahi mau mā'awe kūlohelohe

Ma mua o ka hōʻea ʻana mai o nā mikionali ʻEulopa, pāʻani ʻia ka heʻe hōlua e nā aliʻi, ke kūlana alakaʻi o ka poʻe Hawaiʻi. Heʻe kekahi kanaka me kona poʻo i mua a iho ma kekahi ihona ma luna o ka hōlua i hana ʻia me ka lāʻau paʻa ʻōiwi a hoʻopaʻa ʻia i nā kāmaʻa loa kaulike. ʻO ka papa hōlua, he ʻumikūmālua kapuaʻi ka lōʻihi a he ʻeono wale nō naʻe ʻīniha ka laulā. Ua hiki i nā kanaka heʻe hōlua ke piʻi i ke kanaono mile o ka hola ma ka wikiwiki loa.

Ma Kona nei, pōmaikaʻi mākou i ka loaʻa ʻana o kekahi ala heʻe hōlua nui i mālama ʻia ma ka Pae ʻĀina ma Keauhou. Hana ʻia ke ala heʻe hōlua i nā pōhaku i uhi ʻia i ka lepo a me ka mauʻu ʻohe i mea e loaʻa ai he ihona mania i hoʻopaheʻe ʻia i ka ʻaila kukui. ʻO ke ala heʻe hōlua ma Keauhou, he ihona mai ka hoʻokahi kaukani ʻekolu haneli kapuaʻi, mai ka piko o kekahi puʻu a hiki i kaʻe alanui. I kēia wā naʻe, kū kēia ala heʻe hōlua ma ke Alanui ʻo Kaleiopapa, a kuhi nā kālaihonua he ʻehā kaukani kapuaʻi ka lōʻihi ma mua a ua iho nā heʻe hōlua i ka hono o Keauhou. (National Park Service Website)

"He pāʻani hoʻokūkū ka heʻe hōlua, eia naʻe, he mau pilina pili ʻuhane kona i ka Hawaiʻi. ʻAʻole naʻe i makemake nā mikionali Pelekania, he hana lapuwale ia i ko lākou manaʻo a ua pāpā ʻia ka heʻe hōlua. ʻO ka heʻe hōlua hope i palapala ʻia, aia nō i ka makahiki 1825. A laila, ua loaʻa mai ke kumu heʻe nalu a haʻawina kuʻuna ma ke Kulanui o Hawaiʻi ma Mānoa. Ua hōʻea mai ʻo Tom Pōhaku Stone, he kama no ka mokupuni ʻo Hawaiʻi. Ke hoʻōla hou nei ʻo ia i kekahi pāʻani he ʻelua kaukani makahiki kona kahiko a ua huʻe mai me kanalima a ʻoi ala heʻe hōlua kūlohelohe a hana ʻia paha e nā kānaka." (National Geographic)

Tom Pohaku Stone

Keahiokekai

Papa hōlua (sled) made of kauila, 'ohe and natural fibers

Before the European missionaries arrived, he'e hōlua, or Hawaiian lava sledding, was a sport practiced by the Ali'i, the Hawaiian ruling class. It involved a man hurling himself headfirst down a slope on a narrow sled made of native hardwood attached to parallel runners. The papa hōlua, or sledding platform, was generally 12 feet long but only six inches wide. The sledders could reach speeds of 60 miles per hour.

Here in Kona, we are fortunate to have one of the largest and best preserved hōlua slides in the Pae 'Āina at Keauhou. A hōlua slide was made of rocks that were covered in fresh dirt and reeds making a slick, sloping surface which was then lubricated with kukui oil. The Keauhou Hōlua Slide snakes downward for 1,300 feet, from the top of a hill onto the edge of a modern street. Although the slide now ends at Kaleiopapa Street, archeologists estimate it once spanned 4,000 feet and probably deposited the riders into Keauhou Bay. (National Park Service website)

"He'e holua was a competitive sport but it also holds religious meaning for Hawaiians. The British missionaries didn't like it, however, and seeing it as a frivolous waste of time, prohibited its practice. The last documented he'e hōlua was in 1825. That is, of course, until surfer and cultural studies lecturer at the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa. Tom Pōhaku Stone, a Hawai'i Island native, came along. He's reviving the 2,000 year old sport and has uncovered more than 50 man-made and naturally occurring courses." (National Geographic)